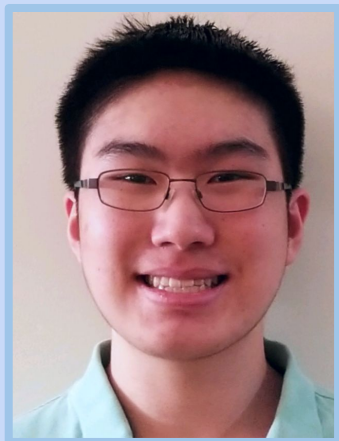


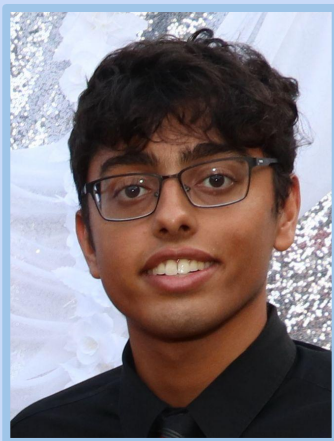
Miniature Smart Car Hardware Design

Final Presentation

Brandon Cheng(UG)



Aamay Puntambekar(UG)

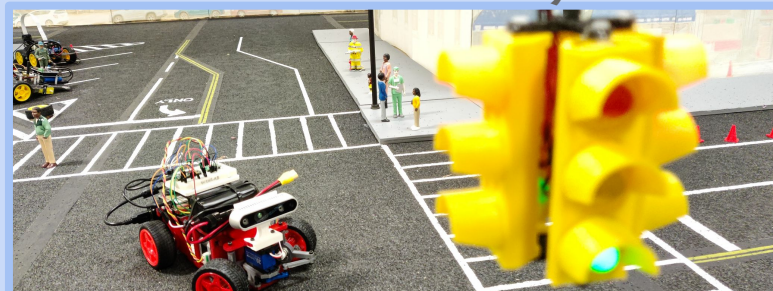


Michael Mogilevsky(UG)

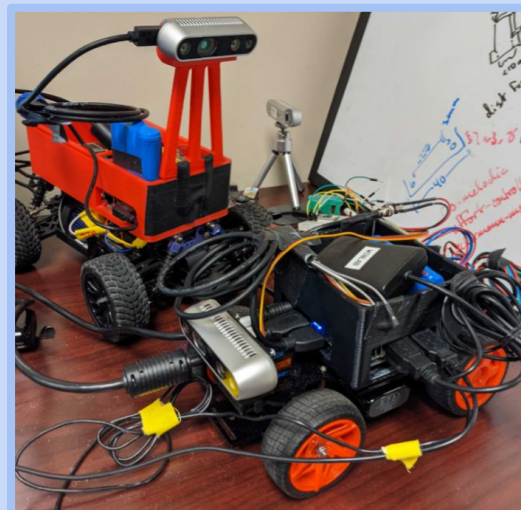


Brief Project Overview

Orbit Smart City

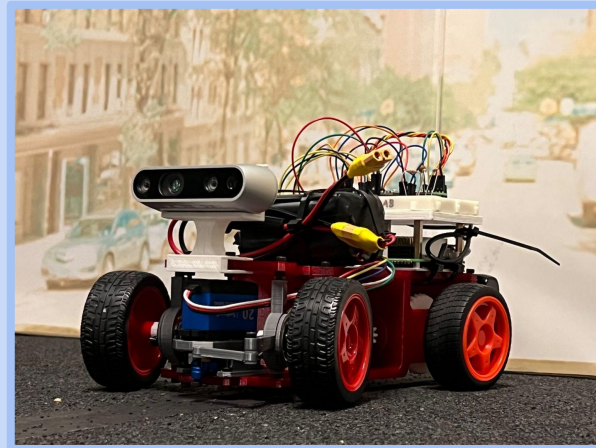
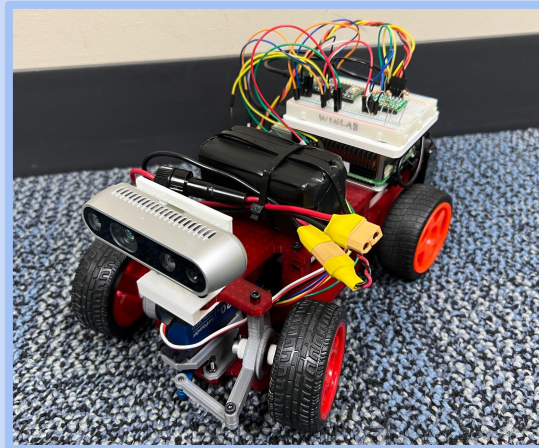


1/15 Scale



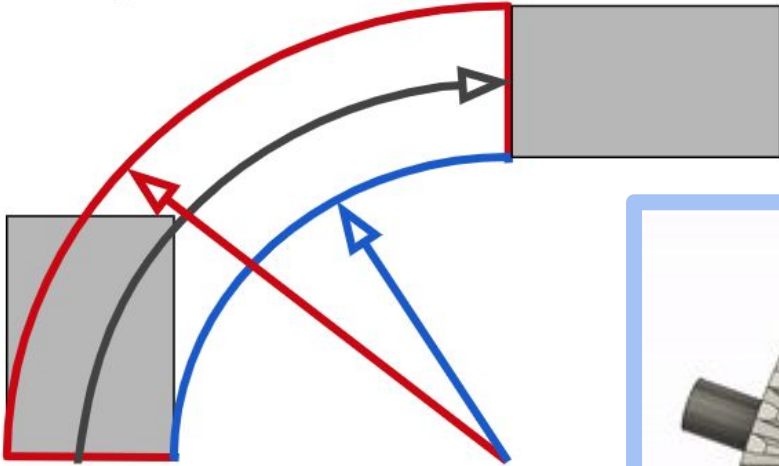
Prior car kits

Our Car

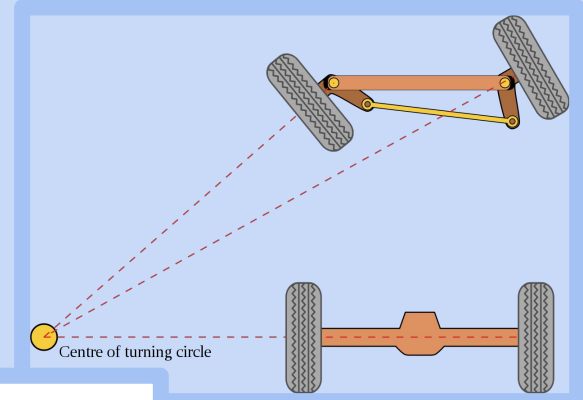


Design Principles

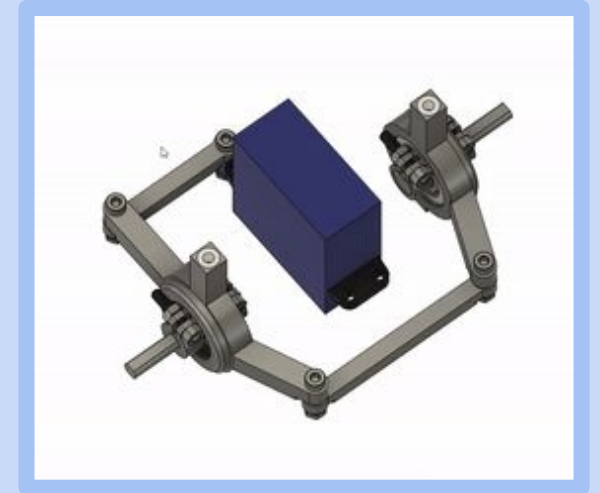
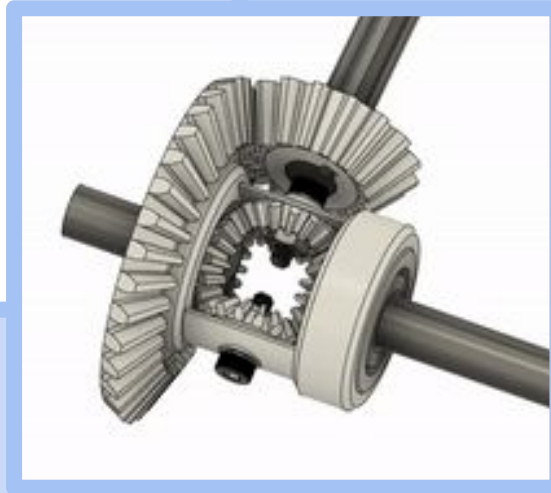
Differential Gear System



Ackerman Steering

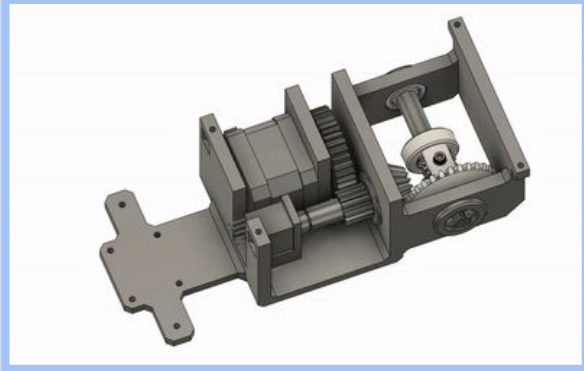


Our Designs

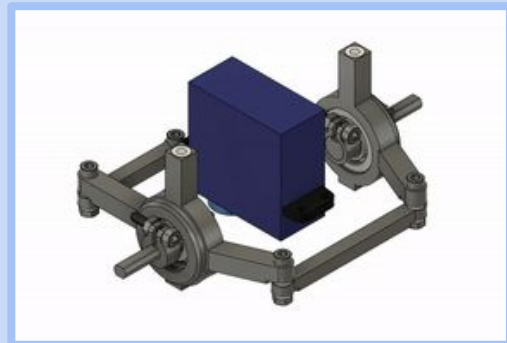


Final Design

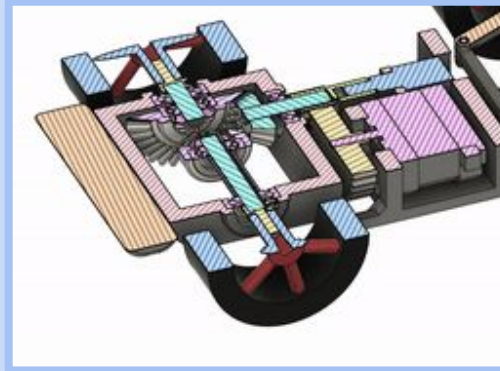
Bottom Assembly



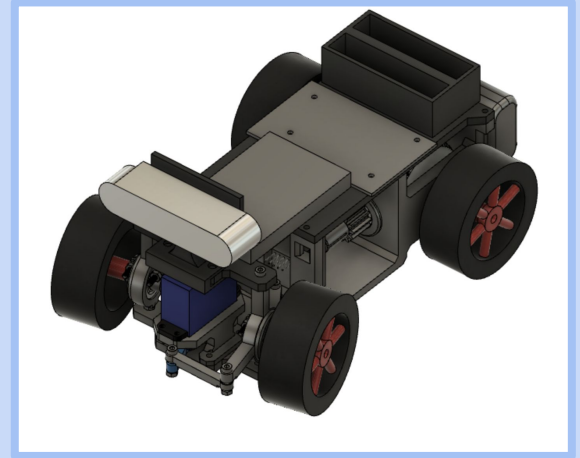
Steering Assembly



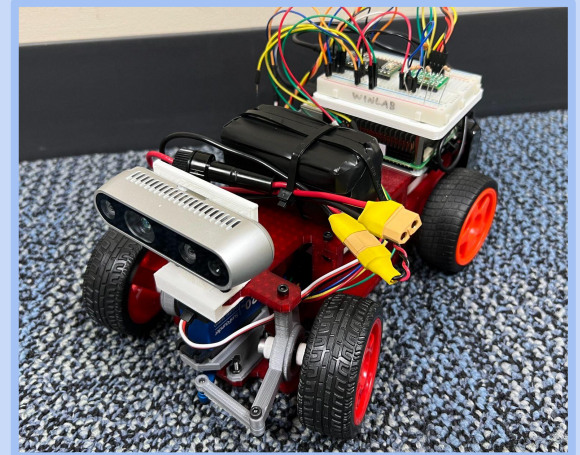
Animated Cross
Section of Drivetrain



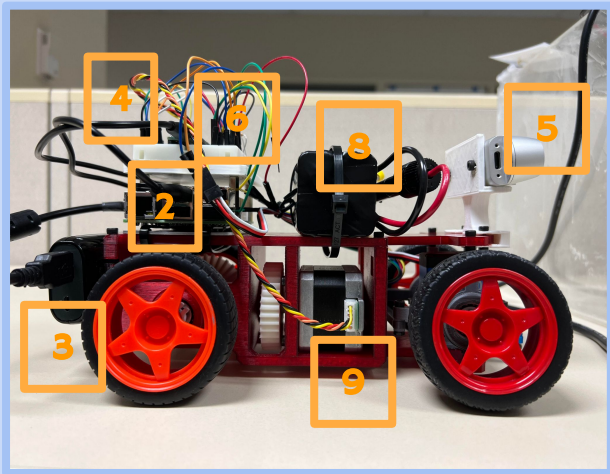
Full Assembly



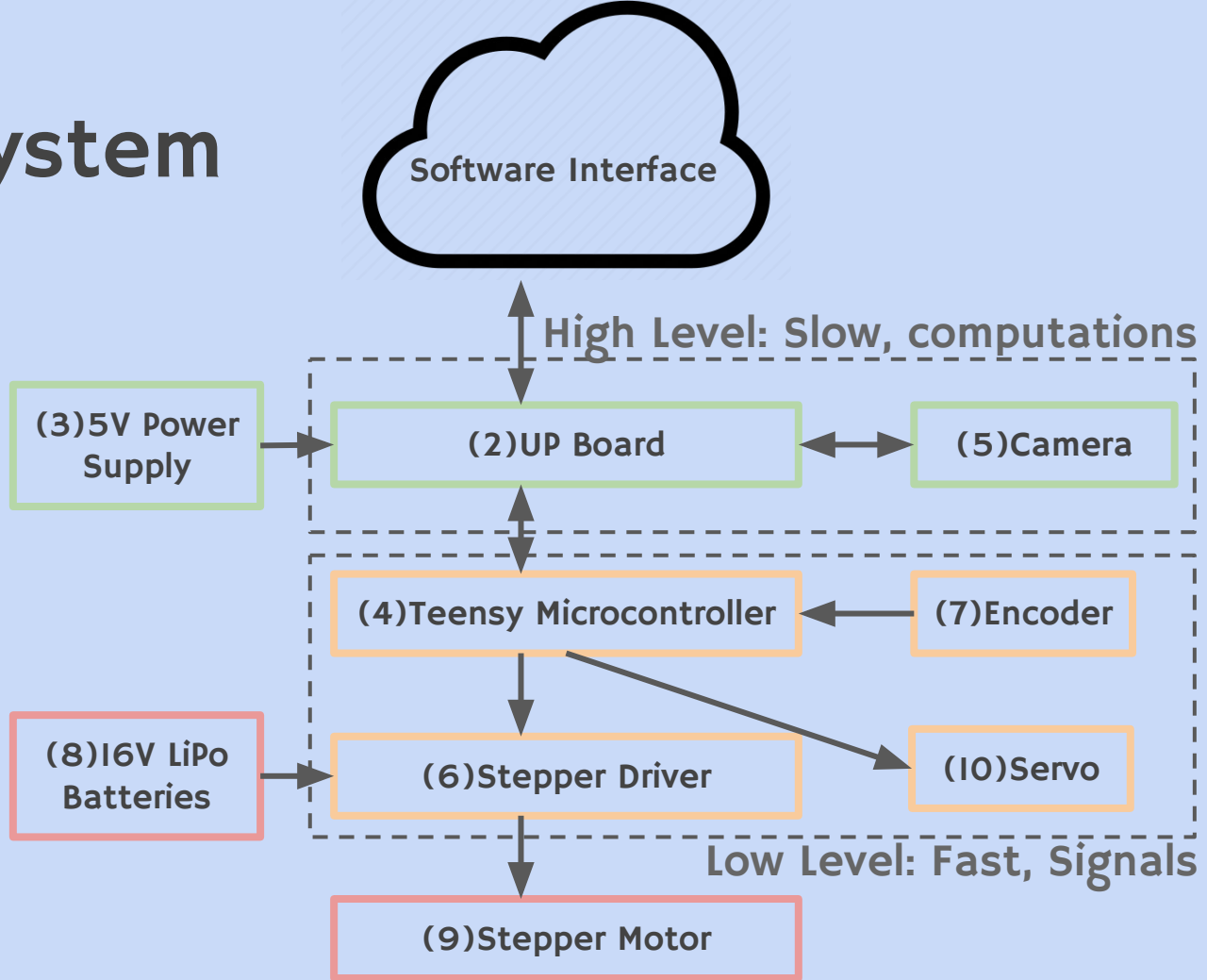
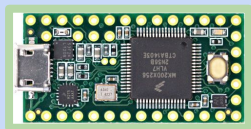
Full Car Assembled vs CAD



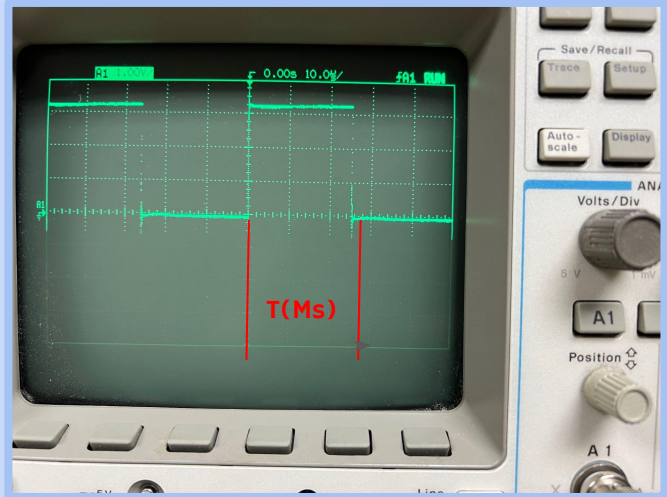
Electronics System



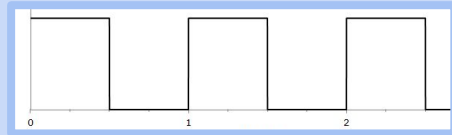
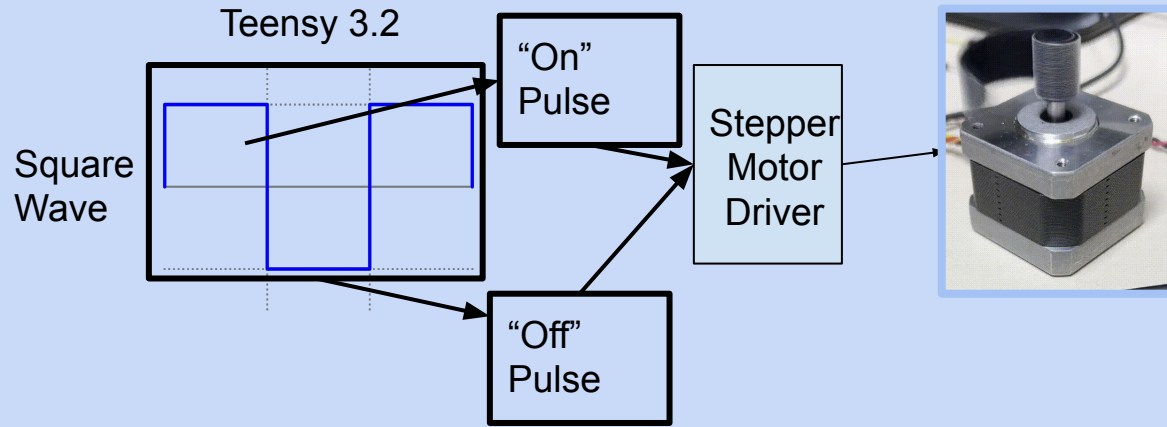
Up Board ↔ Teensy



Square Wave Signals



Sending Square Wave as Speed Control



Low Frequency(Slow Motor)

vs.



High Frequency(Fast Motor)

Software overview

Desired Car Speed + turning curvature

Desired RPM + Servo Angle

Square wave control signals

ROS

UP Board

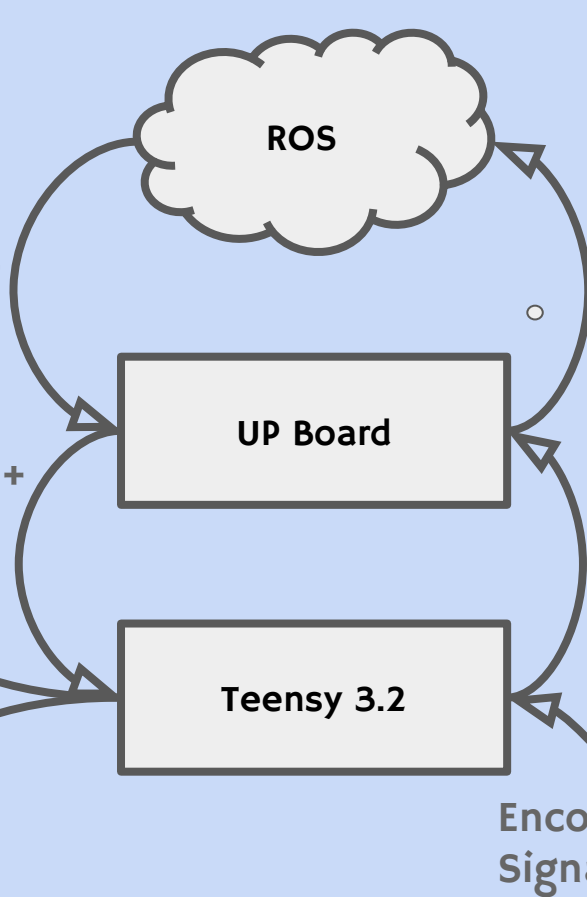
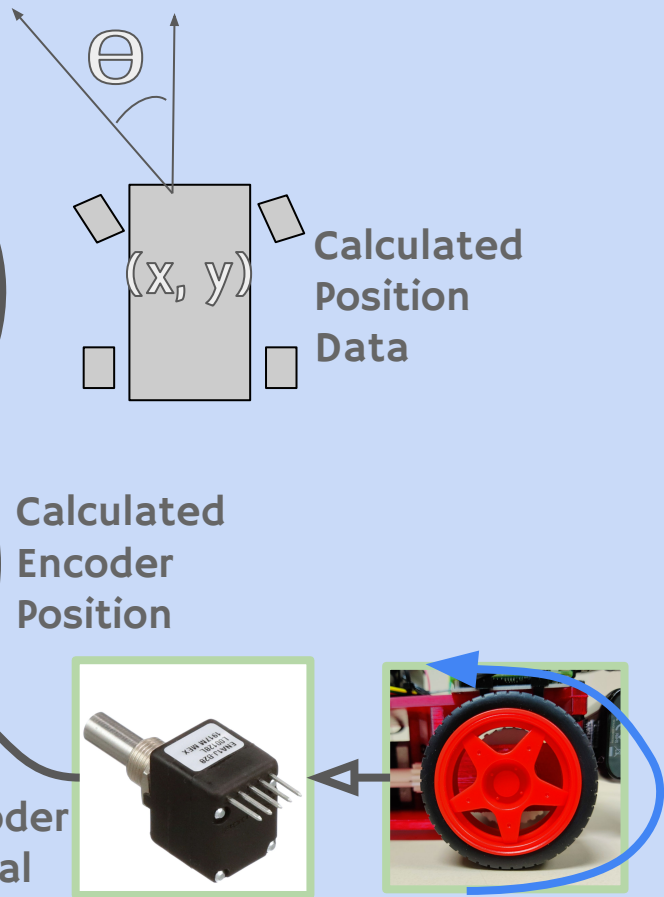
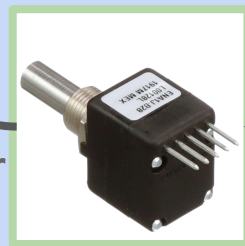
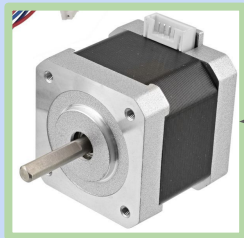
Teensy 3.2

Calculated Encoder Position

Calculated Position Data

(x, y)

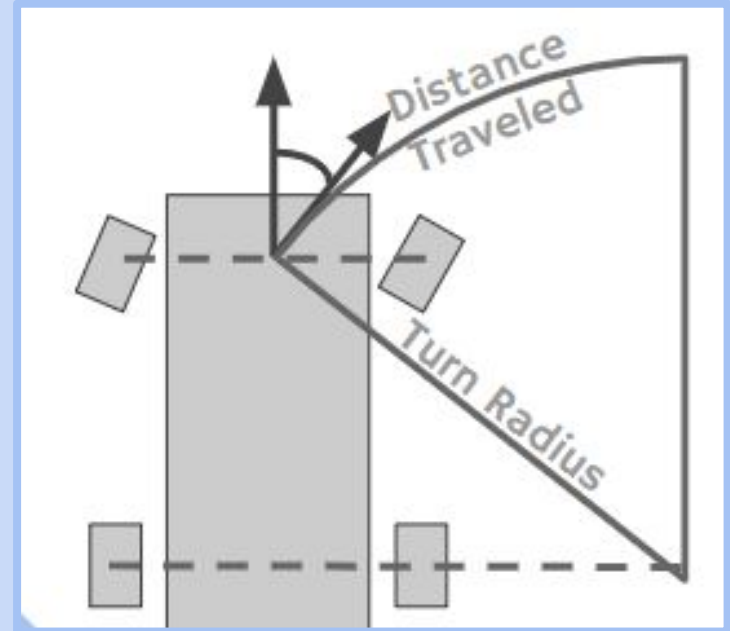
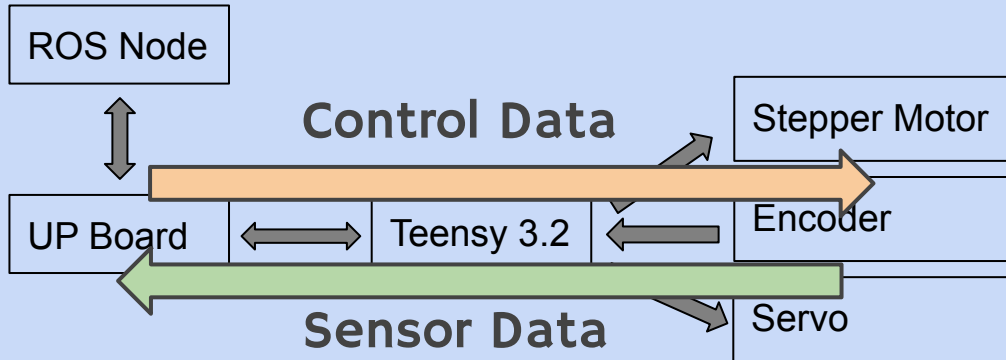
Encoder Signal



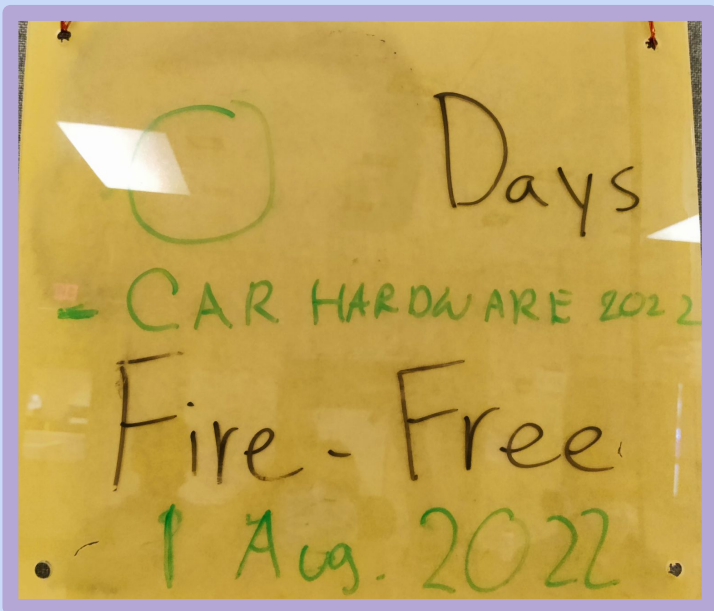
Odometry

```
28.457332791894984
(x,y): (6.266691668162666, -1.9916561373785688). Angle = 310.2131139687697
phi: -55.79798245665785
b'e:16757\r\n'
27.957332791894984
(x,y): (6.269669680032228, -1.9951485327591887). Angle = 310.6948533439684
phi: -55.79798245665785
b'e:16766\r\n'
27.457332791894984
(x,y): (6.272127713876501, -1.99798737699888605). Angle = 311.882769245173
phi: -55.79798245665785
b'e:16772\r\n'
```

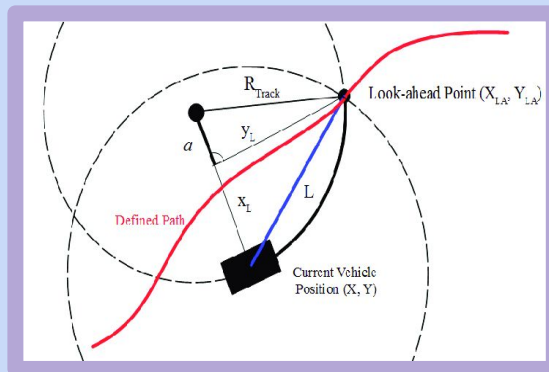
Feedback Loop Overview



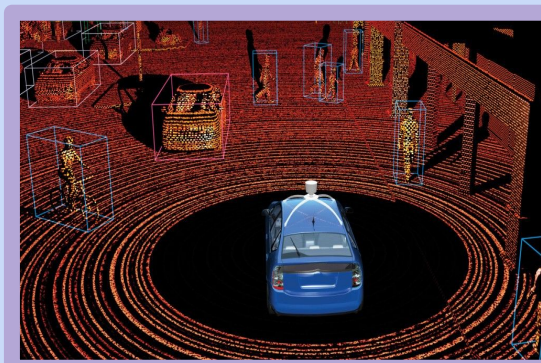
Conclusion + Future Work



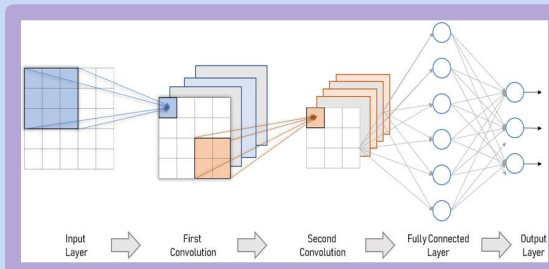
Pure pursuit spline following algorithm



Lidar Sensor odometry



Self driving AI through neural networks

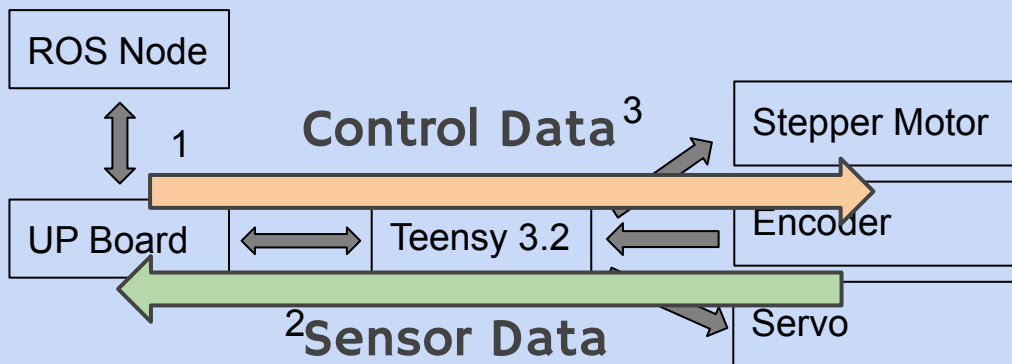


Software

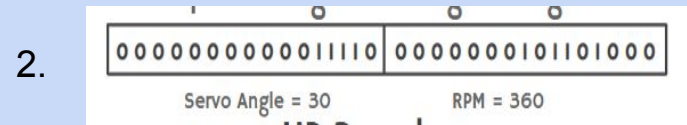
Teensy: Arduino software

UP Board: Ubuntu 20.04, Python, ROS Noetic

(x, y) φ



1. RPM, Servo Angle → UP Board
Position, angle → ROS



3. Encoder data, pulses/delays for motors